Instruc ons on Earthquake Monitoring from Home!



You can access the live feed to our seismograph online at the library website., www.bellinghamlibrary.org. Scroll to the bo om right of the of the page and click on the first link: <u>Click Here</u> to connect to a live feed from the Bellingham Library's Seismograph.

If you see unusual ac vity on that page there are a few of ways to check and see if it is an earthquake or some other interes ng event:

- Click on the second link on the bo om right of the library website to get to the Boston College Educa onal Seismology Project's blog to see recent earthquakes they have verified on seimsographs throughout the region.
- 2. Click on the third link on the bo om right of the library website to get a live feed to many seismographs in our area. You can compare what you are seeing on our seismograph to others. If you see the same ac vity it is not just a local event, it is probably an earthquake.
- 3. Click on the fourth link on the bo om right of the library website to get a lis ng from the United States Geological Survey set to show earthquakes over 2.5 in magnitude that have taken place all over the world. You can customize the display for loca on, me and other informa on by clicking on the se ngs bu on in the upper right corner of the site, next to the ques on mark. If you look at the me of the event on our display (each of the last 24 hours is displayed on one line) and match it with the me on the USGS site, you can verify earthquakes!



This is a photograph of a 6.6 earthquake on April 24, 2014 in Bri sh Columbia as it was recorded on our seismograph. Note the wave shape of the ac vity.

(more info on reverse!)

So there is ac vity and it isn't an earthquake, what could it be?

 If it shows only on our machine and no where else, it is local ac vity. It could be as simple as someone bumping into the table on which the seismograph sits. We had one instance where there was a quarry blast in Blackstone that was originally flagged by USGS as a 1.7 earthquake, but in the verifica on process was changed to a quarry blast.



This is a the 1.7 quarry blast in Blackstone. No ce that it is a very quick up and down drawing, without a lot of extended wave mo on.

This, on the bo om le , is quick up and down ac vity that was not linked to any seismic ac vity. It was probably someone bumping the table.



2. Ocean ac vity! Not only does our seismograph register earthquakes, when coastal storms cause crashing waves on the ocean, those waves register on the seismograph.



This is a screenshot from the blog showing the March 26, 2014 coastal storm and how it displayed on our seismograph (and the seismograph at the Duxbury Middle School). Note the con nued very dark waves. This is the ocean waves hi ng the shore causing seismic ac vity. Note the waves are darker in Duxbury... they are closer to the ocean.