

#### ZONING BYLAW

## Bellingham Planning Board

# As amended through March, 1975, Annual Town Meeting Effective Date: August 28, 1975

Page 1 ADMINISTRATION AND PROCEDURE ...... ARTICLE I Purpose ..... 1100. Administration ..... 1200. Board of Appeals ..... 1300. Amendments ..... 1400. Validity ..... 1500. Applicability ..... 1600. 1700. Effective Date ..... USE AND INTENSITY REGULATIONS ..... ARTICLE II Establishment of Districts ..... 5 2100. 2200. Use Regulations ..... Non-Conforming Uses ..... 2300. Use Regulations Schedule ..... 2400. Intensity of Use Regulations ..... 2500. Intensity of Use Schedule ...... 11 2600. GENERAL REGULATIONS ..... 12 ARTICLE III Sign Regulations ...... 12 3100. Noise, Litter and Smoke Standards .......... 13 3200. Parking and Loading Requirements ..... 13A 3300. ARTICLE IV 4100. Mobile Homes, Trailers, and Campers ...... 18 4200. Cluster Development ...... 18 4300. Multi-Family Dwellings ..... 20 4400. Flood Plain Requirements ..... 21 4500. 4600. Major Commercial Complex ..... 25 4700. DEFINITIONS ..... 26 ARTICLE V Zoning Map ..... following 30

## ARTICLE I ADMINISTRATION AND PROCEDURE

1100. <u>Purpose</u> - The purpose of this Bylaw is to promote the health, safety, convenience, morals and welfare of the Town of Bellingham as authorized by the General Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Chapter 40A, and any amendments thereof.

## 1200. Administration

1210. Permits - This Bylaw shall be administered by the Selectmen through the Zoning Agent appointed by them. No building permit or certificate of use and occupancy shall be issued and no new use of land not requiring a building permit shall be begun unless the Zoning Agent has indicated in writing his determination that the requirements of the Zoning Bylaw have been met by the proposal.

Applications for building permits shall be accompanied by three prints of a plan of the lot, drawn to scale, showing the actual boundaries and dimensions of the lot, showing the exact location, use, and size of any existing or proposed buildings, and showing existing or proposed streets and ways within or adjacent to the lot.

1220. Site Plan Review - Applications for permits for construction, if requiring 20 or more parking spaces, shall be accompanied by a fourth print of the plan of the lot, and be referred to the Planning Board within 7 days of filing with the Building Inspector for the Planning Board's review and written advisory report; and no building permit shall be issued prior to receipt of such report unless 28 days lapse from the date of referral.

Plans subject to this section shall show existing and proposed topography, water, sanitary sewerage, storm drainage, parking, and circulation pattern, in addition to the information required in Section 1210.

Plans subject to this Section shall be designed so as to assure safety of internal circulation and egress, provide adequate access to each structure for fire and service equipment, and provide adequate utility service and drainage, consistent with the Design Standards of the subdivision regulations of the Bellingham Planning Board, as in effect at the date of adoption of this Bylaw.

1230. Enforcement - The Zoning Agent shall institute and take any and all such action as may be necessary to enforce full compliance with any and all of the provisions of this Bylaw and of permits and variances issued thereunder, including notification of non-compliance and request for legal action through the Selectmen to the Town Counsel.

1240. Penalty - Anyone violating any provision of this Bylaw, any of the conditions under which a permit is issued, or any decision rendered by the Board of Appeals, may be fined not more than \$50 for each offense. Each day that such violation continues shall constitute a separate offense.

## 1300. Board of Appeals

1310. Establishment - There is hereby established a Board of Appeals which shall consist of five members and three associate members, who shall be appointed and act in all matters under this Bylaw in the manner prescribed by Chapters 40A and 41 of the General Laws.

1320. Powers - The Board of Appeals shall have and exercise all the powers granted to it by Chapters 40A and 4l of the General Laws and by this Bylaw. The Board's powers are as follows:

1321. To hear and decide Special Permits as authorized within this Bylaw. Special Permits shall be granted by the Board of Appeals only upon its written determination that the proposed use will not have adverse effects which overbalance its beneficial effects on either the neighborhood or the town, in view of the particular characteristics of the site and of the proposal in relation to that site. The determination shall indicate consideration of each of the following:

- a) Social, economic, or community needs which are served by the proposal;
- b) Traffic flow and safety;
- c) Adequacy of utilities and other public services;
- d) Neighborhood character and social structure;
- e) Qualities of the natural environment;
- f) Potential fiscal impact.

1322. To authorize Variances. Variances from the terms of this Bylaw may be authorized by the Board of Appeals with respect to a particular parcel of land or with respect to an existing building on such land, but only in cases where the Board finds <u>all</u> of the following:

- a) A literal enforcement of the provisions of this Bylaw would involve a substantial hardship, financial or otherwise, to the appellant.
- b) The hardship is owing to conditions specifically affecting such parcel or such building but not affecting generally the zoning district in which it is located.
- c) Desirable relief may be granted without either:
  - (1) substantial detriment to the public good; or
  - (2) substantial derogation from the intent or purpose of this Bylaw.

1323. To hear and decide other appeals. Other appeals will also be heard and decided by the Board of Appeals when taken by:

- a) Any person aggrie ved by reason of his inability to obtain a permit from any administrative official under the provisions of Ch. 40A, G.L.; or by
- b) Any officer or board of the town; or by
- c) Any person aggrieved by any order or decision of the inspector of buildings or other administrative official in violation of any provision of Ch. 40A, G.L., or this Bylaw.

1324. To issue Comprehensive Permits. Comprehensive Permits for construction may be issued by the Board of Appeals for construction of low or moderate income housing by a public agency or limited dividend or non-profit corporation, upon the Board's determination that such construction would be consistent with local needs, whether or not consistent with local zoning, building, health, or subdivision requirements, as authorized by Sec. 20-23, Ch. 40B, G.L.

1325. To issue withheld Building Permits. Building Permits withheld by the Building Inspector acting under Sec. 81Y, Ch. 41, G.L., as a means of enforcing the Subdivision Control Law may be issued by the Board of Appeals where the Board finds practical difficulty or unnecessary hardship, and if the circumstances of the case do not require that the building be related to a way shown on the subdivision plan in question.

- 1330. Public Hearings The Board of Appeals shall hold public hearings in accordance with the provisions of Chapters 40A and 41 of the General Laws on all appeals and petitions brought before it.
- 1340. Repetitive petitions for exceptions, appeals and petitions for variances and applications to the Board of Appeals shall be limited as provided in Section 20 of Chapter 40A, General Laws.
- 1350. Application for Special Permits or variances shall be accompanied by a plot plan drawn to scale, showing existing and proposed structures, and other relevant conditions.
- 1400. Amendments This Bylaw may from time to time be changed by amendment, addition or repeal by the Town Meeting in the manner provided in Section six of Chapter 40A of the General Laws, and any amendments therein.
- 1500. <u>Validity</u> The invalidity of any section or provision of this Bylaw shall not invalidate any other section or provision thereof.
- 1600. Applicability Where the application of this Bylaw imposes greater restrictions than those imposed by any other regulations, permits, restrictions, easements, covenants or agreements, the provisions of this Bylaw shall control.
- 1700. Effective Date This Bylaw or any amendment to it shall take effect when, following adoption by the Town, it is approved by the Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and is published or posted, as provided by law.

# ARTICLE II USE AND INTENSITY REGULATIONS

#### 2100. Establishment of Districts

2110. For purposes of this Eylaw, the Town of Bellingham is hereby divided into the following types of districts:

Agricultural DistrictA	
Residence DistrictR	
Multi-family Dwelling DistrictM	
Business DistrictE-1,B-2	2
Industrial District	

The boundaries of these districts are defined and bounded on the map entitled "Zoning Map, Bellingham, Massachusetts," on file with the Town Clerk. That map and all explanatory matter thereon is hereby made a part of this Bylaw.

2120. Except when labelled to the contrary, boundary or dimension lines shown approximately following or terminating at street, railroad, or utility easement center or layout lines, boundary or lot lines, or the channel of a stream, shall be construed to be actually at those lines; when shown approximately parallel, perpendicular, or radial to such lines shall be construed to be actually parallel, perpendicular, or radial thereto; when appearing to follow shoreline shall coincide with the mean low-water line. When not locatable in any other way, boundaries shall be determined by scale from the map.

2130. Where a district boundary line divides any lot existing at the time such line is adopted, the regulations for any district in which the lot has frontage on a street may be extended not more than thirty feet into the other district.

2140. When a lot in one ownership is situated in part in the Town of Bellingham and in part in an adjacent municipality, the provisions of this Bylaw shall be applied to that portion of the lot lying in the Town of Bellingham in the same manner as if the entire lot were situated therein.

# 2200. Use Regulations

2210. No building or structure shall be erected or used and no premises shall be used except as set forth in the "Use Regulations Schedule, or as exempted by Section 2300 or by statute. Symbols employed shall mean the following:

Yes - A permitted use

No - An excluded or prohibited use

SP - Use authorized under special permit as provided for in Section 1321 herein.

2220. Where an activity might be classified under more than one of the following uses, the more specific classification shall determine permissibility; if equally specific the more restrictive shall govern.

2300. Nonconforming Uses - The use of any structure or land lawfully existing at the time of the enactment or subsequent amendment of this Bylaw may be continued although such structure or use does not conform with provisions of this Bylaw, subject to the following conditions and exceptions:

2310. Abandonment - A nonconforming use which has been abandoned, or discontinued for a period of two years, shall not be re-established and any future use shall conform with the Bylaw, except in the case of land used for agriculture, horticulture, or floriculture where such non-use shall have existed for a period of five (5) consecutive years.

2320. Alterations - A nonconforming structure may not in any twelve-month period be altered, except as ordered by the Zoning Agent to make it safe, to the extent that the cost of such alterations exceeds 50% of the market value of the structure as determined by the Zoning Agent at the time of the change.

2330. Extension - An increase in the area or extent of the nonconforming use of a structure or land may be made on Special Permit from the Board of Appeals, up to 50% increase in the nonconforming floor area of land used at the time the use became nonconforming.

2340. Restoration - Any nonconforming building or structure in existence at the time of adoption of this Bylaw or any amendment thereto may be reconstructed on the old foundations if destroyed by fire or other accidental or natural cause within a period of two (2) years from the date of the catastrophe or such reconstruction must comply with this Bylaw.

2350. Changes - Once changed to a more conforming use, no structure or land shall be permitted to revert to a less conforming use. On special permit from the Board of Appeals, the use of premises may be changed from one nonconforming use to another which is no more objectionable to the neighborhood.

2360. Replacement - Replacement of mobile homes or commercial vehicles parked in non-conformity with Section 2400 is not permitted, even where such replacement does not increase the extent of non-conformity.

# 2400. Use Regulations Schedule

ACTIVITY OR USE	D I A	S T	R I C	T B-1, B-2	I
AGRICULTURAL USES					
Livestock raising	Yes	No	No	No	No
Other farm	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Greenhouse					
with retail sales 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
wholesale only	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Roadside stand <sup>2</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
COMMERCIAL USES					
Animal kennel or hospital	Yes	No	No	SP	SP
Business or professional					
offices	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Funeral Home	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Auto, boat, or farm equip.					
sales, rental, service	No	No	No	Yes	No
Printing shop	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Bank, financial office	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Restaurant	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Retail sales or service	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Wholesaling without storage	No	No	No	Yeş	Yes
Major Commercial Complex	No	No	No	SP4	No

No building to house livestock shall be within 60 feet of the

street line or 40 feet of any other property line. At least three-quarters of the retail sales must be of produce 2. raised on land within the Town of Bellingham in the same ownership as the stand or greenhouse.

3. See Section 4700.

4. No in B-1 Districts.

ACTIVITY OR USE	D I A	S T	R I C M	T B-1, B-2	I
INDUSTRIAL USES					
Light manufacturing for					
on-site sales <sup>1</sup>	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Other manufacturing, pro-					
cessing, research	No	No	No	No	Yes
Bulk storage	No	No	No	No	Yes
Contractor's yard	No	No	No	No	Yes
Earth removal <sup>2</sup>	SP	SP	SP	SP	SP
Junk yard, second-hand					
auto parts	No	No	No	No	Yes
Transportation terminal	No	No	No	No	Yes
Warehouses	No	No	No	No	Yes
Commercial radio trans-					
mission	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
Laundry or dry cleaning					
plant	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
-					
INSTITUTIONAL USES					
Municipal use	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Religious use	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nursery school	SP	SP	SP	SP	SP
Other commercial schools	SP	SP	SP	SP	SP
Other schools	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cemetery	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hospital	SP	SP	$\mathtt{SP}$	SP	SP
Nursing, convalescent, or					
rest home	SP	SP	SP	SP	SP
Philanthropic or charitable					
institutions	SP	SP	SP	SP	Yes
Public utility with service					
area	No	No	No	No	Yes
Public utility without					
service area	SP <sub>2</sub>	SP	SP	SP	Yes
Club or lodge	$\mathtt{SP}^3$	$\mathbb{SP}^3$	SP3	Yes	Yes
•					

- 1. More than half the volume sold as retail on the premises.
- 2. See Section 4600.
- 3. Except those whose chief activity is one customarily carried on as a business.

ACTIVITY OR USE						
	A	R	M	B-1, B-2	I	e.
RECREATIONAL USES					-	
Camping, supervised	Yes	SP	SP	Yes	Yes	
Camping, commercial	SP	No	No	No	No	
Golf course, standard						
or par three	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Indoor commercial re-						
creation	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	9
Outdoor commercial re-						
creation	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	
Sportsman's club,						
game preserve	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	
Public stables	SP	No	No	SP	SP	
Eath houses, commercial						
beaches	Yes	SP	SP	SP	SP	
Commercial picnic,	-					22
outing areas	SP	SP	SP	Yes	Yes	
RESIDENTIAL USES						
Dwelling					-	
Single family	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	$No^1$	
Two-family	Yes	Yes	Yes	_Yes	No2	
Multi-family	$No^2$	No2	SP3,	<sup>4</sup> No <sub>2</sub>		
Boarding or rooming	$No^2$	NoZ			$No^2$	
Motel, hotel	No	No	No	SP	Yes	2.5
Mobile home	No	No	No	No	No	
Public housing	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
OTHER PRINCIPAL USES						
Temporary structures	SP	SP	SP	SP	SP	
Airport, heliport	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	

1. Except single-family dwelling for personnel required to reside on the premises for the safe operation of a permitted use.

3. Except that multi-family shall not include public housing.

4. See Section 4400.

<sup>2.</sup> Except that an existing dwelling may, on Special Permit from the Board of Appeals, be altered to house up to four families or for boarding or lodging, provided that the Board of Appeals shall find that the structure could not reasonably be used or altered and used for any permitted purpose

ACCESSORY USES					
Parking of					
Private autos of residents					
on premises	Yes	Yes	Tes	Yes	Yes
l light commercial vehicle	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2 or more light commercial					
vehicles, or any number of	E				
heavy commercial vehicles:	•				
accessory to residential					
use	SP	No	No	Yes	Yes
accessory to non-residen-	- 4	7	7		
tial use	Yes	Yes 1	Yesl	Yes	Yes
Farm vehicles & equipment, o	on				
an active farm	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Home occupation	*		*		* ´
Signs (See Sec. 3100)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Private stable	Yes	SP	No	Yes	Yes
Swimming pool	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Other customary accessory					
uses	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

# 2500. Intensity of Use Regulations

2510. All buildings hereafter erected in any district shall be located on a lot such that all of the minimum requirements set forth in the following Table are conformed with, except where specifically exempted by this Eylaw or by General Law.

2520. No existing lot shall be changed in size or shape except through a public taking so as to result in violation of the requirements set forth below.

2530. Certain lots are exempted from some of these requirements through Section 5A, Ch. 40A, G.L. These statutory exemptions are hereby extended to apply to all types of construction in all districts. Section 7A of Ch. 40A, G.L., exempts for some time certain lots on approved subdivision plans.

2540. Where no street line has been established or can be readily determined, such line shall be assumed to be 25 feet from the center of the travelled roadway for the purposes of applying these regulations.

- 1. But none in excess of the number parked on the effective date of this amendment.
- \* See Section 4110.

2550. Public Housing shall be exempt from the minimum requirements of Intensity of Use as set forth in Sec. 2600.

2560. Not more than one single-family or two-family dwelling shall be erected on a lot.

2570. More than one principal building other than a single-family or two-family dwelling may be erected on a lot provided that access, drainage, and utilities serving each structure are functionally equivalent to that required for separate lots by the Planning Board Rules and Regulations, as certified to the Zoning Agent by the Highway Department regarding access and drainage and by the Water Department and Fire Department regarding water; and further provided that lot area and yard requirements are met for each building and use without counting any lot area or yard twice.

#### 2600. Intensity of Use Schedule

			DI		CT	
	A	$\mathbf{R}$	M	$B-l^{\sharp}$	B-2	1
Min. Lot Area (sq.ft.)					_	
Two-family dwelling	60,000	30,000	60,000	30,000	60,000	-
Other uses	40.000	20,000	40,000°	20,000	40,000	20,000
Min. lot frontage (ft.)	150	125	150	125	150	125
Min. front yarda,d (ft.)		20	30	20,	30	20°
Min. side yard (ft.)	15	10	15	10 <sup>k</sup>	15	10 <sup>b</sup>
Min. rear yard (ft.)	20	20	20	20	20	20 <sup>C</sup>
Min. landscaped open						
space (sq.ft./						
dwelling unit)	-	_	2,000	****	-	<b>F</b>
Maximum building height						
(ft.)	35	35	35	35	45	45

- a. No building other than a multi-family dwelling need provide a front yard greater than the average of adjoining front yards. For multi-family dwellings, the front yard is to be not less than twice building height, and to contain no parking. Corner and through lots shall maintain front yard requirements for both frontages.
- b. Provided that access to rear areas via drives not less than 16 feet wide can be assured, and except that yards must equal those required in a Residence district where abutting a residential use or abutting a Residence or Agricultural district.
- c. Increase to 100 feet for industrial buildings facing or adjoining a residential or agricultural district.
- d. No obstruction to vision between 3 and 8 feet above the plane through the curb grades shall be permitted within the area formed by the lines of intersecting streets and a line joining points twenty feet from the point of intersection of street lines or street lines extended.
- e. For multi-family dwellings, 40,000 sq. ft. for up to 4 dwelling units, and 3,000 sq. ft. additional lot area for each additional family accommodated.
- f. Residential uses must comply with requirements for the Residence District.

#### ARTICLE III GENERAL REGULATIONS

#### 3100. Sign Regulations

- 3110. General Sign Prohibitions:
  - 3111. Signs, any part of which moves or flashes, or signs of the traveling light or animated type, and all beacons and flashing devices whether a part of, attached to, or apart from a sign, are prohibited.
  - 3112. No signs shall be placed within or projecting over a public way or on public property except with a permit from the Board of Selectmen. Signs placed on shade trees are subject to approval by the Tree Warden (Sec. 9, Ch. 87, G.L.).
  - 3113. No non-accessory sign or billboard shall be erected except as allowed under Section 3133.
  - 3114. No illumination shall be permitted which casts glare onto any residential premises, or onto any portion of a way so as to create a traffic hazard.
- 3120. Permitted Temporary Signs in all Districts
  - 3121. Any sign if in accordance with limitations set for permanent signs.
  - 3122. An unlighted sign of up to 20 square feet indicating parties involved in construction on the premises.
  - 3123. An unlighted sign of up to six square feet pertaining to lease or sale of the premises.
  - 3124. A sign of up to ten square feet pertaining to a subdivision while under development, only with permission of the Planning Board.
  - 3125. Signs inside display windows covering not more than 30% of window area, illuminated by building illumination only.

- 3130. Permitted Permanent Signs in Agriculture and Residence Districts:
  - 3131. One sign for each family residing on the premises indicating the owner or occupant or pertaining to a permitted accessory use, provided that no sign shall exceed one square foot in area.
  - 3132. One sign not over nine square feet in area pertaining to permitted buildings and uses of the premises other than dwellings and their accessory uses.
  - 3133. A non-accessory directional sign, designating the route to an establishment not on a State Highway, may be erected and maintained in any district on Special Permit from the Board of Appeals, subject to their finding that such sign will promote the public interest, will not endanger the public safety, and will be of such size, location and design as will not be detrimental to the neighborhood.
- 3140. Permitted Permanent Signs in Other Districts:
  - 3141. Any signs permitted in Agricultural and Residence Districts.
  - 3142. Accessory signs attached to a building, provided that they aggregate not more than 20% of the wall area they are viewed with.
  - 3143. Free-standing accessory signs, provided that they aggregate not more than 100 square feet in area.
  - 3144. The total area of all signs, either attached to a building or free standing, shall aggregate not more than three square feet per foot of lot frontage on the street towards which they are oriented.

#### 3200. Noise, Litter and Smoke Standards

3210. No activity shall be permitted in any district unless it can be demonstrated that its operation will be so conducted that the following standards will be met:

3220. No noise, sound from public address or other amplification systems, vibration, odor, or flashing shall be normally perceptible more than 400 feet from the premises if in the Industrial district, more than 200 feet from the premises if in a Business district, and more than 20 feet from the premises if in a Residence or Agricultural district. Interferences originating in Business or Industrial Districts shall not normally be perceptible more than 100 feet within a residential district.

3230. Cinders, dust, fumes, gases, radiation, or trash or other waste shall be effectively confined to the premises or disposed of.

3240. Smoke density shall not exceed #2 of the Ringlemann scale for more than 10% of the time, and at no time shall exceed #3 on that scale.

3250. No process shall be used which creates visual or audible interference in any radio or television receivers off the premises, or causes fluctuations in line voltage off the premises.

3260. Operation at any time such that these standards are violated, subsequent to issuance of a permit on the grounds that they would be met, shall constitute a zoning violation.

# 3300. Parking and Loading Requirements

# 3310. Parking Requirements

- a) It is the intent of this section that adequate off-street parking must be provided within a reasonable distance to service all parking demand created by new construction, whether through new structures or through additions to existing ones, or by change of use creating higher parking demand.
- b) Buildings, structures and land uses in existence on the effective date of these provisions are not subject to these off-street parking requirements and may be rebuilt, altered or repaired, but not enlarged or changed in use without becoming subject to these requirements.

- c) In applying for building or occupancy permits, the applicant must demonstrate that the minimum parking requirements set forth in Section 3320 will be met for the new demand without counting existing parking necessary for existing uses to meet these requirements.
- d) The minimums of Sec. 3320 may be reduced on special permit for an exception from the Board of Appeals, upon their determination that special circumstances render a lesser provision adequate for all parking needs. Examples of special circumstances include:
  - (1) Use of a common parking lot for separate uses having peak demands occurring at different times;
  - (2) Age or other characteristics of occupants which reduce their auto usage;
  - (3) Peculiarities of the use which render usual measures of demand invalid.

#### 3320. Parking Schedule

#### RESIDENTIAL

#### NONRESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

Gross floor area is measured to the outside of the building with no deductions for hallways, stairs, closets, thickness of walls, columns, or other features.

Industrial buildings: 1 space/300 s.f. gross floor area
Retailing: 1 space/200 s.f. gross leasable floor area
plus 1 space per separate enterprise
Offices, banks: 1 space/200 s.f. gross floor area
Restaurant, theater, assembly hall: 1 space/2.5 seats.
If seats not fixed, 1 space/60 s.f. gross floor

Recreation facility: 0.8 spaces/occupant at design capacity.

#### OTHER FACILITIES

As determined by the Zoning Agent upon advice of the Planning Board, based on usual industrial standards, if any.

# 3330. Parking Area Design and Location

- a) No off-street parking area for 5 or more cars shall be located within 20 feet of a street right-of-way.
- b) All required parking areas except those serving singlefamily residences shall be paved, unless exempted on Special Permit from the Board of Appeals for cases such as seasonal or periodic use where unpaved surfaces will not cause dust, erosion, hazard, or unsightly conditions.
- c) Parking areas for 5 or more cars shall not require backing onto a public way.
- d) All open storage, loading or service areas, and parking areas for 5 or more cars shall be screened from any residential use or district which is abutting or separated from it only by a street. Screening shall be by a four foot planting strip maintained with densely planted shrubs or trees, or by a solid wall or fence of not less than four feet in height.
- e) Parking lots for 20 or more cars shall contain or be bordered within 5 feet by at least one tree per 10 cars, to be of 2" caliper or larger. Trees located within the parking area shall be planted in curbed soil plots allowing not less than 40 square feet of unpaved soil area per tree.
- f) Parking spaces more than three hundred feet from the building entrance they serve may not be counted towards fulfillment of parking requirements unless the Board of Appeals determines that circumstances justify a greater separation of parking from use.
- g) The following shall apply to entrances or exits to all parking areas having 20 or more spaces, except if located in the B-l district which is exempted.
  - (1) Entrance or exit centerline shall not fall within 50 feet of an intersection of street sidelines or within 250 feet of the centerline of any other parking area entrance or exit on the same side of the street, whether on the same parcel or not, if serving 20 or more spaces. Uses shall arrange for shared egress if necessary to meet these requirements.

- (2) Egressing vehicles shall have 400 feet visibility in each travel direction.
- 3340. Loading Requirements Adequate off-street loading facilities and space must be provided to service all needs created by new construction, whether through new structures or additions to old ones, and by change of use of existing structures. Facilities shall be so sized and arranged that no trucks need back onto or off of a public way, or be parked on a public way while loading, unloading, or waiting to do so.

# ARTICLE IV SPECIAL REGULATIONS

## 4100. Accessory Uses

4110. Home Occupations. Home occupations are permitted only if conforming to the following conditions:

- a) No more than twenty-five percent of the floor area of the residence shall be used for the purpose of the home occupation.
- b) Not more than one person not a member of the household shall be employed on the premises in the home occupation.
- c) There shall be no exterior display, no exterior storage of materials, no outside parking of commercial vehicles, and no other exterior indication of the home occupation or other variation from the residential character of the principal building other than an unlighted sign not to exceed one square foot in area.
- d) No offensive noise, vibration, smoke, dust, odors, heat or glare shall be produced (See Section 3200).
- e) Traffic generated shall not exceed volumes normally expected in a residential neighborhood.
- f) The parking generated shall be accommodated off-street, other than in a required front yard, and shall not occupy more than 35% of lot area.

4120. The following home occupations are permitted without necessity of Special Permit:

The professions of medicine, dentistry, law, architecture, and engineering; machine, woodworking, metals, art or photo shop; domestic work such as dressmaking, millinery, and clothes washing; teaching and exercise of professional skills in music, dramatics, arts and crafts, and academic pursuits; real estate and insurance offices; inside storage of tradesman's materials and equipment, or beauty parlor or barber shop; and accountant.

4130. Home Occupations other than the above but having similar attributes may be allowed on Special Permit from the Board of Appeals.

4140. Commercial stables or kennels or sale of articles not produced on the premises shall not be allowed as home occupations.

## 4200. Mobile Homes, Trailers, and Campers

- 4210. No mobile home, trailer, or camper shall be used for permanent residence.
- 4220. A mobile home may be stored, and following issuance of a zoning permit by the Zoning Agent a mobile home, trailer or camper may be occupied for not more than thirty days in any twelve-month period, provided it is so placed on the lot as to meet minimum yard requirements.
- 4230. A trailer or camper may be regularly stored accessory to a permitted use, provided that it is so located on the lot as to meet minimum yard requirements.
- 4240. Replacement of mobile homes parking in nonconformity with Section 2400 is not permitted, even where such replacement does not increase the extent of nonconformity.

## 4300. Cluster Development

Parcels in excess of ten acres located within the Agricultural District (A) may be subdivided and developed with clustered lots, if approved by the Board of Appeals for a Special Permit for Cluster Development. Such approval shall be granted only subject to the following conditions:

- 4310. The proposed development shall be, in the judgment of the Board of Appeals, superior to a conventional plan in preserving open space for conservation or recreation, utilizing natural features of the land, and allowing more efficient provision of public services; and at least equal to a conventional plan in other respects.
- 4320. The total number of lots shall not exceed the number of lots into which the land could legally be subdivided were it not for the provisions of Section 4300, to be estimated in the absence of an alternative conventional plan as being equal to 85% of the overall parcel area divided by the lot area requirements for the Agricultural (A) District as provided in Section 2600.

4330. The intensity of use requirements of Section 2600 for the Residence District (R) shall be conformed to for each lot.

4340. The lots for building purposes shall be grouped in a cluster or in clusters, and within each cluster the lots shall be contiguous.

4350. All remaining land in the tract, not contained in building lots or within road rights-of-way, shall be contiguous, or if not contiguous, in parcels of not less than two acres in each area, having not less than 40 feet of frontage on a street, and of such shape and condition as to be usable for recreation.

4360. All such remaining land shall be either:

4361. Acceptable to and deeded to the Bellingham Conservation Commission, or

4362. Permanently dedicated, by covenant or comparable legal instrument, to the community use of the owners of the lots within the development tract, for recreational purposes only. Building coverage shall not exceed 5% in such dedicated areas. Maintenance shall be permanently assured through an incorporated homes association, operating under a recorded land agreement through which each lot owner in the development is automatically a member and each lot is subject to a charge for a share of the homes association expenses; or through comparable arrangement satisfactory to the Planning Board.

4370. Application for a special permit for Cluster Development shall be accompanied by a subdivision plan designating streets, lots, parcels to be dedicated, and parcels for community use. A copy of the plan and of the application shall be transmitted by the Zoning Board to the Planning Board, and no decision on a special permit for Cluster Development shall be made within 60 days of application without receipt of a report thereon by the Planning Board.

4380. Subsequent to approval of such Cluster Development, no land therein shall be sold and no lot line shall be changed in such way as to increase the number of lots or the extent of non-conformity with the provisions of section 2600 of this Bylaw.

## 4400. <u>Multi-family Dwellings</u>

4410. New Multi-family Districts ("M") shall each be created only by vote of the Town Meeting amending the Zoning Map, each such district shall not be less than twenty acres in extent, shall front for at least 500 feet on an arterial street, and shall contain not less than 70% vacant or agricultural land.

4420. Special Permits for Multi-family dwellings shall be granted only in conformance with the following:

4421. Not more than 10% of all dwelling units allowed under the Permit shall have 3 or more bedrooms.

4422. The application for a Special Permit shall be accompanied by six copies of a proposed site plan prepared by a registered Engineer or architect, showing location and boundaries of the site; use and zoning of adjacent parcels; existing and proposed topography, major trees, and retained vegetation; existing and proposed structures; dimensions of yards at their minimum point; drives, parking, required landscaping and screening; water service, sanitary disposal system, and storm drainage; and proposed staging plan, if building permits are not to be immediately sought for all units; and by six copies of a ground floor plan and architectural elevations of all proposed buildings, prepared by a registered architect.

Within two working days of their receipt, one copy of each of the required plans shall be transmitted by the Board of Appeals to the Planning Board, Highway Department, Water Department, and Fire Department. No permit shall be decided upon within 45 days of such transmittal without receipt of advisory reports from each of those agencies regarding compliance of the proposal to local rules, regulations, and bylaws as well as good practice within their area of concern.

4423. The Special Permit shall expire upon transfer of ownership prior to initiation of substantial construction on the ground, or if no substantial construction takes place within 12 months of Special Permit approval.

## 4500. Flood Plain Requirements

4510. All land lying below the following elevations (USGS datum) shall be considered flood plains, deemed to be subject to seasonal or periodic flooding:

4511. Along the Charles River and its tributaries:

Pearl St. to Plymouth Road - 190' elevation
Plymouth Road to Maple St. - 195' elevation
Maple St. to Route 495 - 205' elevation
Route 495 to High St. - 210' elevation
High St. to Fourth Ave. extended - 215' elevation
Fourth Ave. to No. Main St. - 220' elevation
No. Main St. to the Box Pond Dam - 225' elevation
Box Pond Dam to Hartford Ave. - 230' elevation
Hartford Ave. to N.Y., N.H. & H. R.R. - 235'
elevation
N V N H & H R R to town line - 240' eleva-

N.Y., N.H. & H. R.R. to town line - 240' elevation

4512. Along the Peters River and tributaries:

City Line to Paine St. - 185' elevation Paine St. to Pulaski Blvd. - 196' elevation Pulaski Blvd. to N.Y., N.H. & H. R.R. - 200' elevation

N.Y., N.H. & H. R.R. to Cross St. - 210' elevation

4520. Any use otherwise permitted by this Bylaw shall be permitted within such flood plains, subject to the following restrictions:

4521. No building permit for any building other than an accessory building shall be issued for construction within such flood plain except on approval of a Special Permit for an exception by the Board of Appeals.

4522. Such Special Permit shall be issued only if it is demonstrated by the applicant that the proposed development will pose no hazard to the health or safety of the occupants thereof.

4523. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the following are presumed to be hazardous to health or safety within Flood Plains:

- a. Floor level of structures for human occupancy established at an elevation lower than the control elevations defining flood plains.
- b. Individual sewage disposal systems at an elevation lower than the control elevations defining flood plains.
- c. Methods of filling or elevation subject to displacement by flood waters.

4530. Any development which will result in creation of 40,000 square feet or more of building coverage and paved surfaces which either lie within 1,000 feet of or have piped discharge into the Charles River or the Peters River or any of their tributaries having year-round flows shall employ storm water leaching basins, retention basins, or other devices as necessary in order that peak flows in a 20-year storm through existing drainage structures or channels off the premises are not increased. Drainage calculations by a registered professional engineer shall be submitted in each such case.

## 4600. Earth Removal Regulations

4610. General. The removal from any premises of topsoil, borrow, rock, sod, loam, peat, humus, clay, sand or gravel shall be done only in accordance with Section 4620 through 4670, except that the following shall be exempted from these provisions:

- a. The removal of less than 50 cubic yards of such material within any twelve month period.
- b. Removal incidental to construction on the premises, where such removal is explicitly allowed under a currently valid building permit or under agreements governing road construction in an approved subdivision.
- c. Removal on a parcel for which removal was authorized under a legal permit issued prior to adoption of these provisions until the expiration date of said permit, provided that all bylaws, permits, and conditions applicable prior to the adoption of this Section shall be complied with. From that expiration date full compliance with all the requirements of Section 4600 must be met, subject to the right of the Zoning Board of Appeals to grant exceptions therefrom due to an undue hardship caused by the

condition of the operation existing prior to the adoption of Section 4600 and the necessity for granting additional time to complete the surveys and requirements of Section 4621, said Exceptions to be issued subject to petitioners supplying reasonable evidence of attempted compliance or undue hardship satisfactory to the said Board.

4620. Permit from the Board of Appeals. Removal shall be allowed only under Special Permit for an exception issued by the Board of Appeals following written application. The following shall be conditions for such issuance:

4621. The Application shall be accompanied by a plan showing all man-made features, property lines, names and addresses of all abuttors if available from the Assessors, including those across any street or way. Topography may be determined from most recent U.S. Government Geological Survey Maps. From these maps, material that is to be removed together with the grades at which finish surface shall be established may be determined. A proposed cover of vegetation and/or trees shall be a part of this application.

4622. A performance bond in the amount determined by the Board of Appeals may be posted in the name of the Town assuring satisfactory performance in the fulfillment of the requirements of the bylaw and such other conditions as the Board of Appeals may impose as conditions to the issuance of its permit.

4623. Before granting a permit, the Board of Appeals shall give due consideration to the location of the proposed earth removal, to the general character of the neighborhood surrounding such location, to the protection of water supply, and to the general safety of the public on the public ways in the vicinity.

#### 4630. Removal

4631. Finish grade shall not lie below a level that would reasonably be considered a desirable grade for the later development of the area, or below the grades specified on the plan accompanying the permit application. The Board of Appeals may specify a base grade below which excavation shall in no event take place.

- 4632. Provision shall be made for safe drainage of water, and for prevention of wind or water erosion carrying material onto adjoining properties.
- 4633. A one hundred foot buffer strip shall be maintained at all boundaries, and not excavated below boundary grades except at a slope of not greater than 3 feet horizontal to 1 foot vertical if such will enhance overall grading.
- 4634. The visibility, sound, and airborne particulates from processing equipment may be screened from adjacent premises through the design and location of such equipment, and through use of natural vegetation planting, overburden piles, and surge piles as screening.
- 4635. Dust shall be controlled through oiling or chemical treatment of roads.
- 4640. Restoration. Forthwith following the expiration or withdrawal of a permit, or upon voluntary cessation of operations, or upon completion of removal to the extent covered by the performance bond (Sec. 4622), that entire area shall be restored as follows:
  - 4641. All land shall be so graded that no slope exceeds one (1) foot vertical rise in three (3) feet horizontal distance and shall be so graded as to safely provide for drainage without erosion.
  - 4642. All boulders larger than one half cubic yard and stumps shall be removed or buried.
  - 4643. The entire area excepting exposed ledge rock shall be covered with not less than four (4) inches of topsoil, which shall be planted with cover vegetation adequate to prevent soil erosion.
  - 4644. Bond shall not be released until sufficient time has lapsed to ascertain that the vegetation planted has successfully been established and that drainage is satisfactory.
- 4650. Additional Conditions. The Board of Appeals may set conditions in addition to the above, including but not limited to: duration of the permit, hours of the day during which removal may take place, hours during which vehicles may leave the premises, and trees to be planted.

4660. Renewal or Renovation of Permit. No permit shall be issued under the provisions of Section 4600 for a period of more than two years, but a permit may be renewed upon application without a public hearing. Prior to renewal, inspection of the premises shall be made by the Zoning Agent to determine that the provisions of this bylaw are being complied with. The Board of Appeals, after hearing any proof of violation of this bylaw shall withdraw the permit, after which the operation shall be discontinued and the area restored in accordance with Section 4640.

## 4700. Major Commercial Complex

- 4710. Applicability. Major Commercial Complexes shall be granted special permits only in B-2 Districts, and only in accordance with the following. The applicant shall submit adequate documentation, including plans, calculations, and narrative, to allow determination of compliance by the Board of Appeals without need for extensive further analysis.
- 4720. Eligible Locations. Major Commercial Complexes shall be so located that average daily traffic will not be increased on any servicing road by 25% or more above levels at the time of application.
- 4730. Site Design. Major Commercial Complexes shall be so designed that each of the following is complied with:
- a) Outdoor lighting fixtures shall be not higher than 20 feet. No light overspill shall be bright enough to create discernable shadows off the premises.
- b) All banks exceeding 15 degrees in slope resulting from site grading shall be retained with vegetative cover reasonably sufficient to prevent erosion.

#### ARTICLE V DEFINITIONS

In this Bylaw the following terms unless a contrary meaning is required by the context or is specifically prescribed, shall have the following meanings. Words used in the present tense include the future, and the plural includes the singular; the word "shall" is intended to be mandatory; "occupied" or "used" shall be considered as though followed by the words "or intended, arranged or designed to be used or occupied". The word "person" includes a corporation as well as an individual.

Accessory Use or Building - A use or building customarily incidenta:

to and located on the same lot with the use or building to

which it is accessory and not detrimental to the neighborhood.

Animal Kennel or Hospital - A structure used for the harboring and/ or care of more than three dogs that are more than six months old, whether commercially operated or not.

Arterial Street - Any state-numbered highway, any street having a right-of-way width of 60 feet or more, plus the following names streets:

Blackstone Street
Center Street
Cross Street
Depot Street
Elm Street
Hartford Avenue
High Street

Lake Street
Maple Street
Paine Street
Pulaski Boulevard
Wrentham Road
South Maple Street

Building - A structure enclosing useful space.

Building Height - The vertical distance from the mean finished grade of the ground adjoining the building to the highest point of the roof for flat or shed roofs, to the deck line for mansard roofs, and to the mean height between eaves and ridge for gable, hip, and gambrel roofs. Not included are spires, cupolas, TV antennae, or other parts of structures which do not enclose potentially habitable floor space.

Bulk Storage - Exposed outside storage of sand, lumber, coal, or other bulk materials, and bulk storage of liquids in tanks except underground as an accessory use.

Camper - A vehicle used as a temporary dwelling for travel, recreational and vacation uses.

Camping, Commercial - Premises used for campers, tenting, or temporary overnight facilities of any kind, operated seasonally, where a fee is charged.

Camping, supervised - Facilities operated on a seasonal basis for a continuing supervised recreational, health, educational, religious, and/or athletic program, with persons enrolled for periods of not less than one week.

Club or Lodge - Premises or buildings of a non-profit organization exclusively servicing members and their guests for recreational athletic, or civic purposes, but not including any vending stands, merchandising, or commercial activities except as required generally for the membership and purposes of such club. Does not include golf clubs or sportsmen's clubs as elsewhere defined, or clubs or organizations whose

chief activity is a service customarily carried on as a business.

Commercial Schools - Schools other than religious, sectarian, denominational, or public ones.

Contractor's Yard - Premises used by a building contractor or sub-contractor for storage of equipment and supplies, fabrication of sub-assemblies, and parking of wheeled equipment.

Detached Structure - One having no common or party walls.

Dwelling Unit - Living quarters for a single family.

Dwelling, Multi-family - Three or more dwelling units on a single lot, irrespective of structure type, ownership or tenure.

Dwelling, Single Family - A detached residential building intended and designed to be occupied exclusively by a single family.

Dwelling, Two Family - A detached residential building intended and designed to be occupied exclusively by two families.

Erected - The word "erected" shall include the words "built,"
"constructed," "reconstructed," "altered," "enlarged,"
and "moved."

Family - Any number of individuals living and cooking together in a single housekeeping unit.

Floor Area, Leasable - The sum of the area on the several floors of a building which is or could be leased, including leasable basements.

Golf Course, Standard or Par Three - Course, including customary accessory buildings, where tee to hole distance averages not less than 80 yards.

Home Occupation - A business or profession engaged in within a dwelling by a resident thereof as a use accesory thereto.

Hotel or Motel - A structure providing sleeping rooms for resident or transient guests, and where public eating facilities are provided; but not including buildings or charitable, educational or philanthropic institutions.

Landscaped Open Space - Space not covered by any structure, and not used for drives, parking, utilities or storage; comprising landscaped areas and outdoor recreational facilities, including those on balconies or over structures if so developed.

Light Manufacturing - Fabrication, processing or assembly such that the provisions of Sec. 3200 are complied with.

Livestock Raising - The keeping or raising of livestock in excess of three horses or cows, or 10 poultry.

Lot - An area of land in one ownership with definite boundaries ascertainable by recorded deed or plan and used or set aside and available for use as the site of one or more buildings or for any other definite purpose.

Lot Area - The horizontal area of the lot exclusive of any area in a street or way open to public use. No more than 10 percent of the lot area required for zoning compliance shall be area

under water nine months or more in a normal year.

Lot, Corner - A lot which has an interior angle of less than 135 degrees at the intersection of two street lines. A lot abutting a curved street shall be considered a corner lot if the tangents to the curve at the point of intersection of the side lot lines intersect with an interior angle of less than 135 degrees.

Lot Coverage - Percentage of total lot area covered by structures

or roofed.

Lot Frontage - That portion of the sideline of a street between the sidelines of a lot having access to the street, with the distance measured continuously along one street line between the boundaries of a lot, not including jogs in street width, back-up strips, and other irregularities in street line. On corner lots, frontage shall be measured between one lot sideline and the intersection of street lines extended.

Major Commercial Complex - Retail business, entertainment, or consumer service establishment or an aggregation of such establishments, having more than 20,000 square feet of gross floor area

and providing more than 100 off-street parking spaces.

Mobile Home - A dwelling built on a chassis, containing complete electrical, plumbing and sanitary facilities, and designed without necessity of a permanent foundation for year-round living, irrespective of whether actually attached to a foundation or otherwise permanently located.

Municipal Use - Premises used for any operation by the town govern-

ment except as elsewhere more specifically defined.

Non-conforming Use or Building - A lawfully existing use or building which does not conform to the regulations for the district in which such use or building exists.

Nursing, Convalescent, or Rest Home - Premises for the care of three or more persons, as licensed by the Massachusetts Department of Public Health.

Parking Space - Space adequate to park an automobile, plus means of access. Where spaces are not marked, each space shall be assumed to require 350 square feet.

Party Wall - A building wall erected on a lot sideline for shared

use of adjoining properties.

Philanthropic Institution - An endowed or charitably supported non-profit religious or non-sectarian activity maintained for a public or semi-public use.

Public Housing - Housing operated by a public body created pursuant to section 26K of Ch. 121, G.L., or corresponding provisions

of earlier laws.

Public Stable - Premises where two or more horses are kept for remuneration, hire or sale.

Roadside Stand - Premises for the sale of agricultural products, the major portion of which were raised on the premises.

- Sign Any device designed to inform or attract the attention of persons not on the premises on which the sign is located, provided however that the following shall not be included in the application of the regulations herein:
  - a. Signs not exceeding one square foot in area and bearing only property numbers, names of occupants of premises, or other identification of premises not having commercial connotations;
  - b. Flags and insignia of any government except when displayed in connection with commercial promotion;
  - c. Legal notices, identification, informational, or directional signs erected or required by governmental bodies;
  - d. Signs directing and guiding traffic and parking on private property, but bearing no advertising matter;
  - e. Temporary signs erected for any charitable or religious cause.
- Sign, Area of The entire area within a regular geometric form or combinations of regular geometric forms comprising all of the display area of the sign and including all of the elements of the matter displayed. One side only of signs with faces at 180 degrees to each other shall be counted. Frames and structural members not bearing advertising matter shall not be included in computation of sign area.

Sign, Accessory - A sign whose subject matter relates to the premises on which it is located, or to products, accommodations,

services, or activities on the premises.

Street - Either (a) a public way or a way which the Town Clerk certifies is maintained and used as a public way, or (b) a way shown on a plan approved in accordance with the subdivision control law, or (c) a way in existence when the subdivision control became effective in Bellingham, having in the opinion of the Planning Board, sufficient width, suitable grades and adequate construction to provide for the needs of vehicular traffic in relation to the proposed use of the land abutting thereon or served thereby, and for the installation of municipal services to serve such land and the buildings erected or to be erected thereon.

Structure - Anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires location on the ground, including buildings, mobile homes, billboards, swimming pools, tanks, or the like, or

part therof.

Swimming Pool - Any constructed pool, located above or below the ground, whether portable or fixed, used or capable of being used for swimming, wading, or bathing purposes. Pools having a depth of two feet or more and having a capacity of two hundred cubic feet or more in volume shall be considered structures.

Temporary Structure - Tent. construction shanty. or similarly portable or demountable structure intended for continuous use for not longer than one year.

Trailer - A towed vehicle for transportation of goods or animals, but not intended for human occupancy.

Transportation Terminal - Premises for the parking and/or servicing of commercial vehicles.

Vehicle, Heavy Commercial - A bus or truck having capacity in excess of the limits for a light commercial vehicle, or motorized construction equipment other than trucks.

Vehicle, Light Commercial - A taxi; a bus with capacity not exceeding 10 passengers; or a truck with GVW rating not exceeding 14,000 lbs. and enclosed cargo area not exceeding 400 cubic feet.

Yard - A required open space, unoccupied and unobstructed by any structure or portion of a structure, except the following: (a) fences, walls, poles, posts, and other customary yard accessories, ornaments, and furniture;

(b) in front yards only, eaves, steps, and non-covered

porches.

Yard, Front - h yard extending between side lot lines across the front of a lot on each street it adjoins. Depth shall be measured perpendicular to a line connecting the foremost points of the side lot lines.

Yard, Side - A yard extending from the rear line of the required

front yard to the rear lot line.

Yard, Rear - A yard extending across the rear of the lot between inner side yard lines.

